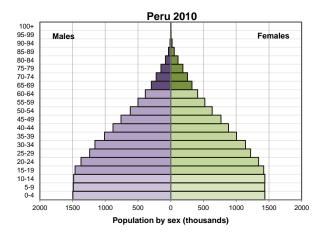
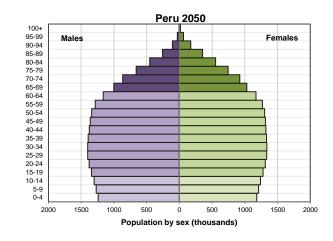
1) Population pyramids





Notes. [1]. See Table notes.

2) Demographic figures

	Year	Measure	Both sexes	Female	Male
Total population [2] Share	2014	Units Percent	30,814,175	15,375,288 <i>4</i> 9.90	15,438,887 <i>50.10</i>
Population 60 years old or over (>=60) [3] Share	2013	Units Percent	2,807,354	1,496,327 <i>53.30</i>	1,311,027 <i>4</i> 6.70
Share of population 60 years old or over (>=60) over total population [3]	2013	Percent	9.21	9.84	8.59
Population 60 years old or over (>=60) living in urban areas [3] Share	2013	Units Percent	2,152,472	1,156,421 <i>5</i> 3. <i>7</i> 3	996,051 <i>46.27</i>
Share of population 60 years old or over (>=60) living in urban areas [3]	2013	Percent	9.34	9.92	8.74
Population 60 years old or over (>=60) living in rural areas [3] Share	2013	Units Percent	654,882	339,906 <i>51.90</i>	314,976 <i>4</i> 8.10
Share of population 60 years old or over (>=60) living in rural areas [3]	2013	Percent	8.83	9.58	8.13
Total dependency ratio [4]	2015	Units	53.00	:	:
Elderly-dependency ratio [5]	2015	Units	10.00	:	:
Median age of the total population [6]	2013	Years	26.50	:	:
Life expectancy at birth [7]	2012	Years	77.00	79.00	75.00
Life expectancy at age 60 [8]	2012	Years	23.00	24.00	21.00
Life expectancy at age 70 [9]	1995-2000	Years	:	13.26	11.74
Life expectancy at age 80 [9]	1995-2000	Years	:	7.83	7.02
Healthy life expectancy at birth [10]	2012	Years	67.00	68.00	66.00

Notes.: Data not available. See Table notes.

3) Ageing figures

	Year	Measure	Value	World ranking
Global age watch index [11]	2014	0-100	52.60	42
Income security [11]	2014	0-100	50.70	65
Pension coverage [11]	2014	Percent	41.90	:
Old age poverty rate [11]	2014	Percent	25.40	:
Relative welfare [11]	2014	Percent	108.30	:
Health status [11]	2014	0-100	68.10	32
Healthy life expectancy at 60 [11]	2014	Years	17.00	:
Relative psychological/mental well-being [11]	2014	Percent	96.90	:
Capability [11]	2014	0-100	46.00	24
Employment of older people [11]	2014	Percent	74.90	:
Educational attainment [11]	2014	Percent	31.60	:
Enabling societies and environment [11]	2014	0-100	56.90	79
Social connections [11]	2014	Percent	75.00	:
Physical safety [11]	2014	Percent	44.00	:
Civic freedom [11]	2014	Percent	65.00	:
Access to public transport [11]	2014	Percent	49.00	:

Notes. : Data not available. See Table notes.

4) Contextual figures

	Year	Measure	Value	World ranking
GDP (current US\$) [12]	2013	Millions of US\$	202,350	52
GDP per capita (current US\$) [13]	2013	US\$	6,662	84
GDP annual growth [14]	2013	Percent	5.79	34
Human Development Index (HDI) [15]	2013	0-1	0.74	82
Gini coefficient [16]	2003-2012	0-100	48.14	110
Happiness index [17]	2010-2012	0-10	5.78	55

Notes. See Table notes.

5) ICT figures

oj lot ligaros	Year	Measure	Value	World ranking
Fixed (wired) Internet subscriptions [18]	2012	Units	1,448,316	45
Fixed (wired) Internet subscriptions per 100 inhabitants [18]	2012	Percent	4.83	85
Fixed (wired) broadband subscriptions [18]	2013	Units	1,574,223	51
Fixed (wired) broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants [18]	2013	Percent	5.18	105
Active mobile-broadband subscriptions [18]	2013	Units	882,865	92
Active mobile-broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants [18]	2013	Percent	2.91	128
Mobile telephone subscriptions [18]	2013	Units	29,793,297	37
Mobile telephone subscriptions per 100 inhabitants [18]	2013	Percent	98.08	119
Share of the population covered by a mobile-cellular network [18]	2012	Percent	96.97	17
Share of the population covered by at least a 3G mobile network [18]	2012	Percent	79.40	36
Fixed telephone subscriptions [18]	2013	Units	3,420,180	43
Fixed telephone subscriptions per 100 inhabitants [18]	2013	Percent	11.26	116 [20]
Share of households with electricity [18]	2010	Percent	88.12	21 [21]
Share of households with radio [18]	2010	Percent	80.30	8 [21]
Share of households with television [18]	2010	Percent	77.16	34 [21]
Share of households with fixed line telephone [18]	2010	Percent	30.44	30 [21]
Share of households with mobile-cellular telephone [18]	2010	Percent	73.05	37 [21]
Share of households with computer [18]	2013	Percent	32.00	100
Share of households with Internet access at home [18]	2013	Percent	22.10	106
Share of individuals using a computer [18]	:	Percent	:	:
Share of population 60 years old or over (>=60) using a computer [TBC]	TBC	Percent	TBC	:
Share of individuals using a mobile-cellular telephone [18]	:	Percent	:	:
Share of population 60 years old or over (>=60) using a mobile-cellular telephone [TBC]	TBC	Percent	TBC	:
Share of individuals using Internet [18]	2013	Percent	39.20	104
Share of population 60 years old or over (>=60) using Internet [19]	2014	Percent	8.90	:

Notes.: Data not available. TBC refers to data that needs to be completed for this indicator. To this end, data provided by official national statistical entities in this field are required. See Table notes.

Last update: 26 / March / 2015

6) Table notes

[1] The data for Peru 2010 are estimates; the data for Peru 2050 are projections based on a medium fertility variant. The values in the horizontal axis are expressed in thousands. Lighter to darker shades of colors represent the population between 0 and 14 years old (child-dependent population), between 15 and 64 years old (population in working age), and 65 years old or over (older-dependent population) respectively. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs. Population Division. (2013). World population prospects: The 2012 revision, DVD edition. New York, NY: Author. Retrieved March 6, 2015, from http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Excel-Data/population.htm

[2] Estimation (de facto); final figure, incomplete/questionable reliability. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs. (2014). 2013 Demographic yearbook (64th ed.) [Online data]. New York, NY: Author. Retrieved March 19, 2015, from

http://data.un.org/Data.aspx?d=POP&f=tableCode%3a1%3bcountryCode%3a604%3brefYear%3a2013%2c2014&c=2,3,5,7,9,11,12,13&s=_countryEnglishNameOrde rBy:asc,refYear:desc,areaCode:asc&v=1

[3] Estimation (de facto); final figure, questionable reliability. Estimates based on the 2007 Population Census. Both sexes, female and male figures are of own elaborations based on source. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs. (2014). 2013 Demographic yearbook (64th ed.). New York, NY: Author. Retrieved March 11, 2015, from http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/dyb/2013/Table07.xls

[4] Estimation (medium variant). Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division. (2013). World population prospects: The 2012 revision [Online data]. New York, NY: Author. Retrieved March 19, 2015, from

http://data.un.org/Data.aspx?q=dependency+ratio&d=PopDiv&f=variableID%3a42%3bcrID%3a604%3btimeID%3a1066&c=2,4,6,7&s=_crEngNameOrderBy:asc__time EngNameOrderBy:desc,_varEngNameOrderBy:asc&v=1

[5] Estimation (medium variant). Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division. (2013). World population prospects: The 2012 revision [Online data]. New York, NY: Author. Retrieved March 19, 2015, from

http://data.un.org/Data.aspx?q=dependency+ratio&d=PopDiv&f=variableID%3a44%3bcrID%3a604%3btimeID%3a1066&c=2,4,6,7&s=_crEngNameOrderBy.asc__time EngNameOrderBy:desc,_varEngNameOrderBy:asc&v=1

[6] Estimation. Source: World Health Organization, Global Health Observatory. (2013). Global Health Observatory data repository [Online data]. Retrieved March 19, 2015, from http://apps.who.int/gho/data/view.main.POP2040

[7] Estimation. Source: World Health Organization, Global Health Observatory. (2013). Global Health Observatory data repository [Online data]. Retrieved March 19, 2015. from

http://data.un.org/Data.aspx?q=life+expectancy&d=WHO&f=MEASURE_CODE%3aWHOSIS_000001%3bCOUNTRY_ISO_CODE%3aPER%3bTIME_PERIOD_ID% 3a2012&c=2,4,6,10&s=_crEngNameOrderBy:asc,_timeEngNameOrderBy:desc&v=1 [8] Estimation. Source: World Health Organization, Global Health Observatory. (2013). Global Health Observatory data repository [Online data]. Retrieved March 19,

2015, from

http://data.un.org/Data.aspx?q=life+expectancy&d=WHO&f=MEASURE_CODE%3aWHOSIS_000015%3bCOUNTRY_ISO_CODE%3aPER%3bTIME_PERIOD_ID% 3a2012&c=2,4,6,10&s=_crEngNameOrderBy:asc,_timeEngNameOrderBy:desc&v=1

[9] Estimation. Excluding Indian jungle population. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs. (2014). 2013 Demographic yearbook (64th ed.). New York, NY: Author. Retrieved March 11, 2015, from http://unstats.un.org/unsd/demographic/products/dyb/dyb2013/Table22.xls

[10] Estimation. World Health Organization, Global Health Observatory. (2013). Global Health Observatory data repository [Online data]. Retrieved March 19, 2015,

http://data.un.org/Data.aspx?q=healthy+life+expectancy&d=WHO&f=MEASURE_CODE%3aWHOSIS_000002%3bCOUNTRY_ISO_CODE%3aPER%3bTIME_PERI OD_ID%3a2012&c=2,4,6,10&s=_crEngNameOrderBy:asc,_timeEngNameOrderBy:desc&v=1

[11] Source: HelpAge International. (2014). Global age watch index 2014 [Online data]. Retrieved March 19, 2015, from http://www.helpage.org/globalagewatch/population-ageing-data/country-ageing-data/?country=Peru

[12] Confirmed estimation. World ranking figure includes the special administrative regions of Hong Kong and Macao. Source: The World Bank, World Development Indicators. (2014). GDP ranking. Retrieved March 2, 2015, from http://data.worldbank.org/data-catalog/GDP-ranking-table

[13] World ranking figure is of own elaboration based on source. World ranking figure excludes the special administrative regions of Hong Kong and Macao. Source: The World Bank, World Development Indicators. (2014). GDP per capita (current US\$) [Online data]. Retrieved March 2, 2015, from http://data.worldbank.org/indicator/NY.GDP.PCAP.CD

[14] World ranking figure is of own elaboration based on source. World ranking figure excludes the special administrative regions of Hong Kong and Macao. Source: The World Bank, World Development Indicators. (2014). GDP growth (annual %) [Online data]. Retrieved March 2, 2015, from http://data.worldbank.org/indicator/NY.GDP.MKTP.KD.ZG/countries

[15] World ranking figure includes the special administrative region of Hong Kong and excludes the special administrative region of Macao. Source: United Nations, United Nations Development Programme. (2013). Human development indices: A statistical update 2013 [Online data]. Retrieved March 19, 2015, from http://data.un.org/DocumentData.aspx?q=human+development+index&id=363

[16] World ranking figure is sorted from most equal (0) to most unequal (100) country. World ranking figure is of own elaboration based on source. World ranking figure includes the special administrative region of Hong Kong and excludes the special administrative region of Macao. Source: United Nations, United Nations Development Programme. (2013). Human development indices: A statistical update 2013 [Online data]. Retrieved March 2, 2015, from http://data.un.org/DocumentData.aspx?q=gini+coefficient&id=365

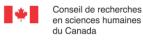
[17] World ranking figure includes the special administrative region of Hong Kong and excludes the special administrative region of Macao. Source: Helliwell, J. F., Layard, R., & Sachs, J. (Eds.). (2013). World happiness report 2013. New York, NY: UN Sustainable Development Solutions Network. Retrieved March 2, 2015, from http://unsdsn.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/02/WorldHappinessReport2013_online.pdf

[18] World ranking figures are of own elaborations based on source. World ranking figure includes the special administrative regions of Hong Kong and Macao. Source: International Telecommunication Union. (2014). World telecommunication/ICT indicators database: 18th edition 2014 [Data file]. Geneva, Switzerland: Author. [19] Provisional figure. Figure corresponds to July-September trimester of 2014. Source: Instituto Nacional de Estadística e Informática. (2014). Estadísticas de las tecnologías de información y comunicación en los hogares: Julio-Agosto-Setiembre 2014 (No. 4). Peru: Author. Retrieved March 26. 2015 from http://www.inei.gob.pe/media/MenuRecursivo/boletines/tecnologia-informacion-y-comunicaciones-jul-ago-set-2014.pdf [20] Along with 1 other country

[21] World ranking figure requires cautious interpretation since an absolute majority of countries (more than half) has no data available for this year according to this source









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